

United States Patent and Trademark Office

UNITED STATES DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE United States Patent and Trademark Office Address: COMMISSIONER FOR PATENTS P.O. Box 1450 Alexandria, Virginia 22313-1450 www.uspto.gov

	•			
APPLICATION NO.	· FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.
10/784,553	02/23/2004	Yukihiro Matsumoto	. 2004-2150.ORI	1928
23165	7590 05/20/2005		EXAMINER	
ROBERT J JACOBSON PA			MANOHARAN, VIRGINIA	
650 BRIMHALL STREET SOUTH ST PAUL, MN 551161511			ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
,			1764	
			DATE MAILED: 05/20/200	5

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

			W
	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/784,553	MATSUMOTO, YUKIHIRO)
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	Virginia Manoharan	1764	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	pears on the cover sheet wit	h the correspondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPL THE MAILING DATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION. - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.1 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If the period for reply specified above is less than thirty (30) days, a repl If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailin earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	136(a). In no event, however, may a re ly within the statutory minimum of thirty will apply and will expire SIX (6) MON' e, cause the application to become AB.	eply be timely filed r (30) days will be considered timely. IHS from the mailing date of this communicati ANDONED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	ion.
Status	•		
1) Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>08 F</u>	ebruary 2005.	·	
	s action is non-final.		
3) Since this application is in condition for allowa	nce except for formal matte	ers, prosecution as to the merits	is
closed in accordance with the practice under E	Ex parte Quayle, 1935 C.D.	. 11, 453 O.G. 213.	
Disposition of Claims	•		
·		•	
4) Claim(s) <u>1-8</u> is/are pending in the application. 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdra	wn from consideration		
5) Claim(s) is/are allowed.	wit from consideration.		
6) Claim(s) 1-8 is/are rejected.			
_			
7) Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	or election requirement		
o) Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/o	· election requirement.	•	
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine	er.		
10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) □ acc	cepted or b) objected to I	by the Examiner.	
Applicant may not request that any objection to the	drawing(s) be held in abeyan	ce. See 37 CFR 1.85(a).	
Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct	tion is required if the drawing(s) is objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121	(d).
11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex			
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12)☐ Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign	n priority under 35 U.S.C. &	119(a)-(d) or (f).	
a) ☐ All b) ☐ Some * c) ☐ None of:	. p.,o.,, andoi 00 0,0,0, 3	(/ / . / . / . / . / . /	
1.☐ Certified copies of the priority document	ts have been received		
2.☐ Certified copies of the priority document		onlication No	
3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior		-	
application from the International Burea			
* See the attached detailed Office action for a list	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	received.	
	·		
Attachment(s)			
Attachment(s) 1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)	4) Interview S	ummary (PTO-413)	
2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)	Paper No(s)/Mail Date	
Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	5) Notice of In 6) Other:	formal Patent Application (PTO-152) 	

U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-326 (Rev. 1-04) Application/Control Number: 10/784,553

Art Unit: 1764

DETAILED ACTION

Claims 7 and 8 are objected to because the inconsistent used of terminology in the claims is improper. For example: the phrase "the two reboilers" in claim 7, and "the reboilers" in claim 8 are inconsistent with the initially recited at least two reboilers.

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

Claims 1-8 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Yoneda et al (6,596,129) in view of Skraba et al (3,803,002) or Liebert (4,189,616).

The above references are applied for the same combined reasons as set forth at page 3 of the previous Office Action.

The now claimed "outer diameter"; " height" and "capacity " in claim 1 are deemed to be result- effective variables which ordinarily are within the skilled of the art.

Applicant's arguments filed February 8, 2005 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicant's arguments that "the substance treated in the Skraba et al references is hydrocarbon, and hydrocarbon is not an easily polymerizable compound; and that the isoparaffin of Liebert is a non-polymerizable substances unlike the Yoneda reference and the present invention are of no patentable moment. The apparatus of Skraba et al or the Liebert's reference does not distinguished from the claimed invention based on

Application/Control Number: 10/784,553

Art Unit: 1764

the material or fluid – in –process. The fluid – in –process (product) is not the basis for patentability of an apparatus claim. The apparatus does not even see what goes through it. Nonetheless, the compounds mentioned at col. 1 lines 12-20 in Liebert is not

none of Yoneda et al., Skraba or Liebert discloses the object of the present invention,

limited, but, can be related to "other ... materials". Moreover, applicant's arguments that

i.e., that the formation and adhesion of the polymer in the distillation column is

prevented by preventing the channeling of the liquid or vapor in the distillation column is

not considered well - taken. By now it is well-settled that the object, manner or method

in which an apparatus is to be utilized is not germane to the issue of patentability of the

apparatus itself. This view finds clear support in In re Otto, 136 USPTO 458,409 CCPA

('963).

An artisan knows that solids or residues in the distillation bottoms, would in time, generate incrustation or clogging problems. The collective teachings of the prior art, like the instant claims, solved the problems by installing two parallel reboilers. Thus, the argued "prevent channeling of the liquid or vapor in the distillation column, thus preventing formation and adhesion of polymer" would naturally result from the teachings of the prior art. Applicant admit as much when he states "....As disclosed at page 16, lines 11-28 of the present specification... the acrylic acid family, liquid from the distillation column is reboiled with at least two reboilers that are disposed in parallel to the distillation column. The inclusion of such a structure prevents polymer adhesion to the inside of the distillation column and clogging, without spoiling the treatment ability of the reboilers or spoiling the quality performance of the purification operation when

Application/Control Number: 10/784,553

Art Unit: 1764

compared with the case where the reboiling treatment is carried out with only one reboiler. The inclusion of such a structure <u>prevents the channeling of liquid or vapor in the distillation column</u> to thus stabilize internal temperature and thereby achieve stabilization of the distillation purification treatment and to efficiently enhance such treatment..."

Thus, in the absence of anything which may be "new" or unexpected result" a prima facie case of obviousness has been reasonably established by the art and has not been rebutted.

Unexpected result must be established by factual evidence. Mere arguments or conclusory statements in the specification, applicant's amendments, or the Brief do not suffice. In re Lindner, 457 F. 2d 506, 508, 173 USPQ 356, 358 (CCPA 1972). In re Wood, 528, F. 2d 638, 642, 199 USPQ 137, 140 (CCPA 1978).

Applicant's amendment necessitated the new ground(s) of rejection presented in this Office action. Accordingly, **THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL**. See MPEP § 706.07(a). Applicant is reminded of the extension of time policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

Art Unit: 1764

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS from the date of this final action.

It is suggested that claims 3, 5 recited in process terms with claim 8 (in independent form) would place the case in condition for allowance.

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to Virginia Manoharan whose telephone number is 571-271-1450. The examiner can normally be reached on Tuesday-Friday from 7:30 am to 6:00 pm.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Glenn Caldarola can be reached on (571) 272-1444. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 703-872-9306.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free).

V. Manoharan/af May 18, 2005

PRIMARY EXAMINER

ART UNIT 132 1 764